Stylistic Differentiation Along (Un)Seen Dimensions

By

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Submitted to the Distinguished Majors Program

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April 29, 2022

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Acknowledgements

This project would not have been possible without the support of the wonderful friends, family, and faculty who surround me. Firstly, I would like to thank Professors Federico Ciliberto and Amalia Miller for their continual guidance. This project began as a mere curiosity, but morphed into its current form only through their encouragement and feedback.

I wish to thank Christian F. Jung for his keen technical insights, and even more so for his willingness to tackle any idea on a whiteboard. Another thanks to Chris Santamaria, whose talents has rescued my codebase innumerable times. I am further indebted to the many faculty and mentors who have shared their thoughts over a cup of coffee, and allowed me to explore economic principles beyond the confines of a classroom.

Finally, to my dear friends, old & new, thank you for always providing a welcome distraction from the frustrations of research. To Khushi and Guli, thank you for creating the space in Charlottesville and Centreville where I can be myself, no matter the state in which you find me. And to Mum and Dad, you set the bar for what hard work, sacrifice, and dedication looks like. For that, I am forever grateful.

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April 2021

Abstract

Consumer goods are often differentiated along attributes unobservable to the researcher, such as visual style. Tools in artificial intelligence enable the identification of said visual characteristics from product images, allowing for the quantification of style. I generate a Hotelling-like product location space of prescription eyeglass frames using low-dimensional representations of images known as neural embeddings. Through hedonic price regressions, I find that neural embeddings increase the explained variation in price by a 5.2 percentage points, or 10.4%. I argue that neural embeddings not only capture finer detail than traditional descriptors of style, but are relevant to economic agents. I further estimate that consumers place an average marginal willingness-to-pay between \$0.44 to \$0.49 for a one standard-deviation increase in stylistic differentiation relative to other frames of the same material, showing positive returns to differentiation.

Keywords: Product differentiation, hedonic price, deep learning, neural network

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The author would like to express his gratitude to the Marshall Jevons Fund for financial support. Any firms mentioned in this paper have not reviewed or sponsored this work. This paper contains copyrighted material and should not be disseminated without the express written permission of the author. Relevant code may be granted upon request for non-commercial purposes only.